

Thesis Title	:	Simultaneous Candidacy Under Party List And Constituency In House of Representative Election
Author Name	:	Mr. Thitichai Yantrasri
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Advisory Committee	:	
		1. Assoc. Prof. Pornchai Soonthornpan
		2. Assoc. Prof. Nattapong Posakabutra
		3. Asst.Prof. Dr. Poom Moolsilpa
		Chairperson
		Member
		Member

ABSTRACT

In a mixed member voting system such as Mixed Member Proportional representation system (MMP) in Germany and Parallel constituency and proportional representation system (Heiritsu) in Japan, two types of representatives are elected — those elected from electorates and those elected from party lists. It is possible for a person to be both a candidate for an electorate seat and on a party list at the same time. This is called Dual Candidacy. If the dual candidates who succeed in winning an electorate, his or her ranking in a party list are eliminated and party-list candidates in lower ranking will replace instead of him for increasing opportunities' those candidates to be the representative of the House of Representatives. After the dual candidates who succeed in winning an electorate are eliminated from consideration, the final ranking of the unsuccessful candidates is determined by how well each polled in comparison to the winner in his or her electorate.

The objective of the study are search the method to reflect various opinions' people from many groups and classes in the House of Representatives by the representative of small and middle size political parties with new point of view in election system for the balance and efficient point of public interest between demand of all people in country and supply of government, because all of them are freedom of politics and freedom of assembly according to fundamental principle of representative democracy and participatory democracy.

In this study, right to candidacy for election of member of the House of Representatives which includes party list election in election system of Thailand is limited by political parties and article of laws. Especially, article of law according to organic law of constitution about the Election of Members of the House of Representatives and the Senators B.E.2550, Section 35 that a person to be a candidate had to register a type of representatives either an electorate seat or on a party list, not both a candidate for an electorate seat and on a party list in the same time. In fact and theory, candidate should have that right in election system, because both two types of representatives are the representative of people in the same, but that right is limited.

Therefore, the House of Representatives will be mirror to reflect various opinion's people from many groups and classes for response demand of all people in country and supply of government in public interest with the balance and effectiveness. The researcher regard that suitable and proper method of right to candidacy for election of member of the House of Representatives which includes party list system is a person can be both a candidate for an electorate seat and/or on a party list in the same time according to principle, theory, and method of Optional Dual Candidacy. It is benefit for small and middle size political parties to be the representatives for reflect various opinion's people from many groups and classes in the House of Representatives.