A STUDY OF ADJUSTMENT PROBLEMS AND PERSONAL VALUES OF THE PROVINCIAL STUDENTS WHO STUDY IN BANGKOK

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The purpose of this research was to study the adjustment problems and personal values of the provincial students who study in Bangkok. It also examined the differences in adjustment problems related to gender and geographic locations.

The sample group was a simple random sample of 400 rural students from Kasartseart University, Sillapakom University, and Technology Pahachomkao Chaokuntaham Lardkrabung University. The three instruments utilized were 1) Personal Data Questionnaire, 2) Mooney Problem Check List (MPCL) and 3) Survey of Personal Values (SPV).

The data were analyzed by using the t-test, one-way analysis of variance and the Pearson Product Coefficient. The finding suggested that:

- The rural students were found to have a high perceived problem in Adjustment to College/School Work dimension.
- 2. There is a significant difference at the .05 level between male and female rural students in the following problem dimensions.
 - a. Finances, Living Conditions and Employment
 - b. Social and Recreational Activities.
- 3. There is a significant difference at the .01 level between male and female rural students in the following problem dimensions.
 - a. Home and Family
 - b. Morals and Religion
 - c. Adjustment to College/School Work dimension.

- 4. There is a significant difference at the .001 level between male and female rural students in Courtship, Sex and Marriage problem dimension.
- There is a significant difference at the .001 level among student's hometown in Home and Family problem dimension.
- There is a significant relationship at the .01 level between Variety Values and Courtship, Sex, and Marriage problem dimension.
- 7 There is a significant relationship at the .01 level between Decisiveness values and Health and Physical Development problem dimensions.

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